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TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED OFFICE (DO/US)

<u>PCT/SE99/01259</u>	<u>12 July 1999</u>	<u>15 July 1998</u>
International Application Number	International Filing Date	Priority Date(s) Claimed

A MOUNTING APPARATUS
Title of Invention

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Applicant(s) for DO/US

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To the United States Designated Office (DO/US):

- I. Accompanying this transmittal letter are certain items which are required under 35 U.S.C. 371 in order that United States National processing of the above identified International application may commence:
- (X) at the expiration of the applicable time limit under PCT Articles 22 and 39(1) according to the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 371(b).
- () as soon as possible upon receipt of this express request under 35 U.S.C. 371(f).

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1. The U.S. National fee [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(1)]

a. () was previously transmitted by applicant on (date)_____.

b. (X) is submitted herewith as follows:

FOR	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY			OTHER THAN	
			RATE	FEE	or	RATE	FEE
Basic Fee	(For filing with JPO Search Report)	////	\$420		or	////	\$840
Total Claims	25 - 20 =	-- 5	x 9 =		or	x 18 =	90
Ind. Claims	4 - 3	-- 1	x 39 =		or	x 78 =	78
(X) Multiple Dependent Claim Presented			+130 =		or	+260 =	260
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE			\$_____		or		\$1268

i. () A check in the amount of \$_____ is enclosed.

ii. (X) Please charge the filing fee, multiple dependent claim fee (if applicable), excess independent claims fee (if applicable), and excess total claims fee (if applicable) to **Deposit Account No. 23-1703**.

iii. (X) The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 23-1703. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

2. A copy of the International application as filed [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)]:

a. (X) is transmitted herewith.

b. () is not required as the application was filed with the United States Receiving Office.

c. () A copy has also been transmitted

i. () by the International Bureau. Date of mailing of the application (from form PCT/IB/308): _____. A copy of form PCT/IB/308 is enclosed.

ii. () by applicant on (date) _____.

3. A translation of the International application into the English language [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)]:

a. () is transmitted herewith.

b. () is not required as the application was filed in English.

c. () was previously transmitted by applicant on (date) _____.

4. Amendments to the claims of the International application under PCT Article 19 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)]:

a. () are transmitted herewith.

b. () have been transmitted

i. () by the International Bureau. Date of mailing of the amendments (from form PCT/IB/308): _____.

ii. () by applicant on (date) _____.

c. (X) have not been transmitted

i. () no notification has been received that the International Searching Authority has received the Search Copy.

ii. () the Search Copy was received by the International Searching Authority but the Search Report has not yet issued. Date of receipt of Search Copy (from form PCT/ISA/202): _____.

iii. () applicant chose not to make amendments under PCT Article 19. Date of mailing of Search Report (from form PCT/ISA/210): 21.04.98.

iv. (X) the time limit for the submission of amendments has not yet expired. The amendments or a statement that amendments have not been made will be transmitted before the expiration of the time limit under PCT Rule 46.1.

5. A Translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)]:
- a. ☐ is transmitted herewith.
 - b. ☐ is not required as the amendments were made in the English language.
 - c. ☒ has not been transmitted for reasons indicated at point I.4.b. or c. above.
6. An oath or declaration of the inventor [35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)] complying with 35 U.S.C. 115:
- a. ☐ was previously submitted by applicant on (date) _____
 - b. ☒ is submitted herewith;
and such oath or declaration
 - i. ☒ is attached to the application.
 - ii. ☒ identifies the application and any amendments under PCT Article 19 which were transmitted as stated in points 1.2.b. or c. and 1.4. and states that they were reviewed by the inventor as required by 37 CFR 1.70.
 - c. ☐ will be submitted subsequently.

II. Concerning other documents:

1. An International Search Report or Declaration under PCT Article 17(2)(a):
- a. ☐ has been transmitted by the International Bureau. Date of mailing (from form PCT/IB/308): _____. A copy of form PCT/IB/308 is enclosed
 - b. ☐ is not required as the application was searched by the United States International Searching Authority.
 - c. ☐ A copy of the International Search Report is transmitted herewith.
 - d. ☐ has been submitted by applicant on (date) _____.

2. A Statement of prior art under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98:

- a. ☐ is transmitted herewith including copies of the references cited on the attached form PTO-1449.
- b. ☒ will be transmitted within THREE MONTHS of the date of submission of requirements under 35 U.S.C. 371(c).
- c. ☐ was previously submitted by applicant on _____, in application serial no. _____.

3. ☒ An assignment is transmitted herewith for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.

a. ☒ Please charge the \$40 assignment recordation fee to Deposit Account No. 23-1703.

b. ☐ A check in the amount of \$___ is enclosed.

4. Other document(s) or information included:

- Copy of PCT/RO/101 - The PCT Request Form;
- Six (6) Sheets of Drawings.

Respectfully submitted,

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Title: **A MOUNTING APPARATUS**

Reference: M 1977-1 WO

Inventors: Horppu, Petri
Amrén, Birger
Dvårsäter, Gudmund

A MOUNTING APPARATUSField of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to a mounting apparatus for mounting an expandable endless cord or band such as an elastic cord or O-ring on an end of a structure which has a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in a contracted condition. The invention is particularly, although not exclusively, concerned with a mounting apparatus for mounting an elastic endless cord or
10 band on a surgical instrument for ligating internal tissues of a cavity in the human body by means of the elastic cord or band, one example being the ligation of haemorrhoids.

Background of the Invention

15 A surgical instrument for ligating haemorrhoids is disclosed in European patent EP 0310582 B1, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference. This surgical instrument, which will be referred to herein as a "surgical instrument of the type defined", includes an inner front cylinder with the elastic cord stretched
20 around its front end and an outer discharge cylinder displaceably arranged on the inner front cylinder to push the elastic cord off the inner front cylinder to close around the stem of a haemorrhoid when inserted in the inner front cylinder.

25 In its normal rest or contracted condition the generally circular elastic cord is of considerably smaller diameter than the external diameter of the inner front cylinder. The elastic cord is mounted on the inner front cylinder by means of a conical adaptor of circular cross-section having a larger rear end which makes a push fit in the inner front cylinder. The adaptor is tapered forwardly to its pointed front end which fits into the elastic cord when in its rest condition. The
30 cord is then pushed or rolled by hand along the adaptor on to the inner front

cylinder by the user, usually the surgeon. Difficulties arise because the elastic cord is small and the user has to wear gloves as protection against infection. This is especially true when the user has to perform several consecutive ligations.

5 It is an aim of the invention to alleviate the above-mentioned difficulties.

Summary of the Invention

According to a first aspect of the invention there is provided a mounting
10 apparatus for mounting an endless cord which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in the contracted condition, the apparatus comprising a tapered adaptor for the cord to be propelled over onto the end of the structure having a forward smaller end for
15 location in the cord in its contracted condition and a rear larger end for juxtaposing with the end of the structure and an expander device movable relative to the adaptor to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof.

20 In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the rear larger end of the adaptor is an axial section of the adaptor.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the end
of the structure and the rear larger end of the adaptor each have a generally
25 circular outer surface profile.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the adaptor and the expander device are adapted to mesh with one another to propel the cord over the adaptor to the rear larger end thereof.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the adaptor comprises a plurality of circumferentially spaced-apart fingers which extend from the rear larger end towards the forward smaller end and the expander device comprises a plurality of circumferentially spaced-apart arms insertable between the fingers of the adaptor. Preferably, the fingers and arms are equi-spaced on the adaptor and expander device.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the forward smaller end of the adaptor is presented by a central member. Where the adaptor has circumferentially spaced-apart fingers, the fingers and central member may be connected to one another.

The adaptor of the mounting apparatus of the invention may be made from a plastics material such as polypropylene, for instance by injection moulding. Where the adaptor has the central member, however, the central member may be made from metal instead.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the expander device is operable in a first mode to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof and in a second mode to propel the cord from the rear larger end onto the end of the structure. To this end, the expander device may comprise a tubular section adapted to slide over the adaptor to propel the cord from the rear larger end onto the end of the structure.

In another embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the expander device is operable in a single mode to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the end of the structure.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the expander device takes the form of a hook device which comprises two opposed

hooks dimensioned to engage the cord when in its contracted condition, the hook device being adapted for the hooks to engage with the cord when in its contracted condition and to be displaced away from one another when the hook device is moved relative to the adaptor to propel the cord over the adaptor to the rear larger end thereof.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the hooks are located at the ends of opposed arms made of a resilient material such as metal wire, preferably spring metal wire.

In an embodiment of the invention such as hereinafter to be described the hook device includes a crease for enabling the hooks to be brought close together for engagement with the cord when in its contracted condition. The hook device may include a further crease for enabling the adaptor to be moved into position adjacent the hooks.

As with the adaptor, the expander device may be made from a plastics material such as polypropylene, for instance by injection moulding.

The mounting apparatus of the invention is particularly, although not exclusively, suited for mounting an elastic cord onto an end of a surgical instrument for ligating internal body tissue, for example the inner front cylinder of a surgical instrument of the type defined.

According to a second aspect of the invention there is provided a surgical kit comprising a mounting apparatus according to the first aspect of the invention. The surgical kit may further comprise a surgical instrument for ligating internal body tissue, for example a surgical instrument of the type defined.

According to a third aspect of the invention there is provided a method of

mounting an endless cord which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord in its contracted condition comprising the steps of providing a tapered adapter having a forward smaller end and a rear larger end, propelling the cord over the tapered adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof by displacement of an expander device relative to the adaptor and, when the rear larger end of the tapered adaptor is juxtaposed to the end of the structure, propelling the cord from the rear larger end of the adaptor onto the end of the structure.

In an embodiment of the invention according to its third aspect such as hereinafter to be described displacing the expander device relative to the adaptor propels the cord over the adaptor onto the end of the structure. As an example, this may be achieved by using an expander device in the form of a hook device which comprises two hooks dimensioned to engage with the cord when in its contracted condition, engaging the hooks with the cord when the cord is in its contracted condition, displacing the hook device relative to the adaptor so as to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the end of the structure and disengaging the hooks from the cord.

Exemplary embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying Figures of drawings.

Brief Description of the Accompanying Figures of Drawings

Figure 1 is a side elevation, partly in section, of a surgical instrument of the type defined in a rest position,

Figure 2 is side elevation, partly in section, of the surgical instrument of Figure 1 in an actuated position,

Figure 3 is an enlarged sectional view along the line III-III in Figure 1,

Figure 4 is an enlarged sectional view along the line IV-IV in Figure 1,

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Figure 5 is a side elevation of an adaptor of a mounting apparatus according to a first embodiment of the invention,

Figure 6 is a front view of the adaptor of Figure 5,

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Figure 7 is a rear view of the adaptor of Figure 5,

Figure 8 is a perspective view of the adaptor of Figure 5,

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Figure 9 is a side elevation of an expander device of the mounting apparatus according to the first embodiment of the invention,

Figure 10 is a front view of the expander device of Figure 9,

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Figure 11 is a rear view of the expander device of Figure 9,

Figure 12 is a perspective view of the expander device of Figure 9,

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Figure 13 is a side elevation of the adaptor of Figure 5 supporting an elastic cord and the expander device of Figure 9 in a first mode of operation for propelling the cord along the adaptor,

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Figure 14 is a side elevation corresponding to Figure 13 with the expander device in its first mode of operation located on the adaptor and the elastic cord having been propelled by the expander device onto a rear cylindrical section of the

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adaptor,

Figure 15 is a perspective view of the expander device of Figure 9 in its first mode of operation located on the adaptor of Figure 5,

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Figure 16 is a side elevation of the adaptor of Figure 5 with the cord supported on the rear cylindrical section thereof and the expander device of Figure 9 in a second mode of operation for pushing the cord off the rear cylindrical section,

10 Figure 17 is a side elevation corresponding to Figure 16 with the expander device in its second mode of operation located on the adaptor and the elastic cord having been pushed to the rear edge of the rear cylindrical section of the adaptor,

15 Figure 18 is a side elevation of the expander device of Figure 9 (in cross-section) in its second mode of operation located on the adaptor of Figure 5 with the elastic cord having been pushed off the rear cylindrical section of the adaptor,

Figure 19 is a side elevation of an adaptor of a mounting apparatus according to a second embodiment of the invention,

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Figure 20 is a side elevation of an expander device of the mounting apparatus according to the second embodiment of the invention which is in the form of a first hook device,

25 Figure 21 is a side elevation of another expander device of the mounting apparatus according to the second embodiment of the invention which is in the form of a second hook device,

30 Figure 22 is a perspective view of the second hook device when folded along a first crease, and

Figure 23 is a perspective view of the second hook device when folded along a second crease.

5 Detailed Description of the Exemplary Embodiments

In Figures 1 to 4 there is shown a surgical instrument for the ligation of haemorrhoids in a patient having an angled tube (4) which is connected at its front end to an inner front cylinder (1) having an inner volume dimensioned to receive a located haemorrhoid (12).

As shown in Figures 3 and 4, the angled tube (4) is divided longitudinally by a partition wall (9) into a first part (7) and a second part (8). The first part (7) of the tube is adapted to be connected to a vacuum source at its rear end. A restriction hole (10) is situated in the upper side of the tube (4) in a position that is convenient to reach by an operator's finger or thumb when the operator's hand grips a rear part of the angled tube (4). The size of the hole (10) is such that it is capable of being covered by the finger or thumb of the operator.

Figure 1 shows the surgical instrument in a rest position in which an outer discharge cylinder (3) is displaceably mounted on the inner front cylinder (1) in a rearward rest position relative to the inner front cylinder (1) and an elastic cord (2) is stretched around the front part of the inner front cylinder (1). The discharge cylinder (3) is connected to one end of a strip (5) which extends rearwardly in the second part (8) of the tube from the outer discharge cylinder (3) to the rear part of the tube (4) where it is secured, passing out of a forward guiding hole (11) positioned in the lower side of the rear part of the angled tube (4) and back into the tube (4) through a rear guiding hole (13) longitudinally spaced from the forward guiding hole (11) to form an actuating loop (6) outside of the tube (4) the purpose of which will become clear hereinafter.

In operation, the rear end of the first part (7) of the tube (4) is connected to a vacuum source and the forward part of the tube (4) is inserted into the anal cavity of the patient's body. The restriction hole (10) is covered by the operator's finger or thumb to create a vacuum in the inner front cylinder (1) whereby the located haemorrhoid (12) is sucked into the inner front cylinder (1). By means of the fingers of the operator's hand, the actuating loop (6) is pressed towards the tube (4) causing the strip (5) to push the outer discharge cylinder (3) forwardly on the inner front cylinder (1). As shown in Figure 2, the forward movement of the outer discharge cylinder (3) on the inner front cylinder (1) pushes the elastic cord (2) off the inner front cylinder (1) onto the base of the haemorrhoid (12) to shut off the blood circulation thereto.

The restriction hole (10) is then opened to counterbalance the vacuum in the inner front cylinder (1) whereupon the instrument is removed from the anal cavity of the patient and the discharge cylinder (3) displaced back to its rearward rest position by the strip (5) ready for another elastic cord (2) to be mounted on the front part of the inner front cylinder (1). To this end, a mounting apparatus in accordance with the present invention is provided for mounting the elastic cord (2) on the front part of the inner front cylinder (1) of the surgical instrument so that a further ligation can be carried out.

There will now be described with reference to Figures 5 to 18 a mounting apparatus according to a first embodiment of the invention. Referring first to Figures 5 to 8, the mounting apparatus according to the first embodiment includes an adaptor (14) which is attachable to the inner front cylinder (1). The adaptor (14) has a central rod (16) extending forwardly along the axis of a cylindrical body (18). The rear end of the rod (16) is connected to the cylindrical body (18) and the forward end of the rod (16) is sufficiently small to enter the elastic cord (2) when in its rest or contracted condition. A mounting plug (20) extends rearwardly from

the cylindrical body (18) and is dimensioned so as to make a push fit in the inner front cylinder (1) of the surgical instrument in order to mount the adaptor on the inner front cylinder (1). When mounted on the inner front cylinder (1), the outer surface of the cylindrical body (18) of the adaptor (14) is flush with or slightly larger in diameter than the outer surface of the inner front cylinder (1). Four equi-spaced fingers (22) are mounted at their rear ends to the circumference of the cylindrical body (18) and converge towards the central rod (16) such that the forward ends of the fingers (22) rest on the central rod (16) immediately behind the forward extremity thereof.

The adaptor (14) may be made of any suitable plastics material such as polyvinyl chloride or the thermoplastic material polypropylene, for example by injection moulding. Alternatively, the central rod (16) may be made of any suitable metal with the rest of the adaptor (14) being formed from a plastics material.

As shown in Figures 9 to 12, the mounting apparatus according to the first embodiment further comprises an expander device (24) having four equi-spaced arms (26) mounted at their rear ends to the circumference of the forward end of a tube (28). The arms (26) converge from the circumference of the tube (28) so that their forward ends (30) are spaced apart at a distance equal to or slightly greater than the diameter of the central rod (16) of the adaptor (14). The tube (28) is dimensioned so as to make an easy sliding fit on the cylindrical body (18) of the adaptor (14).

The expander device (24) may be made of any suitable plastics material such as polyvinyl chloride or the thermoplastic material polypropylene, for example by injection moulding.

In operation of the mounting apparatus according to the first embodiment, the adaptor (14) is attached to the inner front cylinder (1) of the surgical instrument

and the elastic cord (2) placed on the tip of the central rod (16) as previously described. As will be understood by reference to Figures 13 to 15, the expander device (24) is manoeuvred to locate the forward ends (30) of the arms (26) of the expander device (24) around the central rod (16) of the adaptor (14) in the spaces
5 between the fingers (22). The expander device (24) is then pushed into the adaptor (14) so that the arms (26) and fingers (22) mesh with one another thereby causing the arms (26) to push the elastic cord (2) along the fingers (22) and onto the forward part of the cylindrical body (18) of the adaptor (14). As shown in Figure 14, when the elastic cord (2) has reached this position the forward ends (30) of the
10 arms (26) come into contact with a front face (32) of the cylindrical body (18) thereby preventing further movement of the arms (26) into the adaptor (14).

As will be understood by reference to Figures 16 to 18, the expander device (24) is then withdrawn from the adaptor (14), turned around and the tube (28) slid over
15 the cylindrical body (18) of the adaptor (14) to push the elastic cord (2) from the cylindrical body (18) onto the inner front cylinder (1) of the surgical instrument. The adaptor (14) and expander device (24) are then removed from the inner front cylinder (1) leaving the surgical instrument ready for ligating another haemorrhoid.

20 It is envisaged that the adaptor (14) and the expander device (24) may be designed so that the above-mentioned first movement of the expander device (24) onto the adaptor (14) will locate the elastic cord (2) on the inner front cylinder (1) of the surgical instrument thus avoiding the need to withdraw and reverse the expander
25 device (24) onto the adaptor (14).

The expander device (24) may be provided with a surface structure which gives good purchase of the expander device (24). As non-limiting examples, there may be mentioned texturing or roughening of the surface or the provision of an
30 annular flange on the surface.

In Figures 19 to 23 there is shown a mounting apparatus according to a second embodiment of the invention. As shown in Figure 19, the mounting apparatus according to the second embodiment includes an adaptor (114) having a forward tapered portion (122) and a rearward mounting plug (120) dimensioned to make a push fit in the inner front cylinder (1). The tapered portion (122) has a pointed front end (116) which is sufficiently small to enter the elastic cord (2) when in its rest condition and a rear end (118) which is dimensioned to be flush with or slightly larger than the outer surface of the inner front cylinder (1) when the adaptor (114) is secured thereto. The adaptor (114) is made of any suitable plastics material such as polyvinyl chloride or the thermoplastic material polypropylene.

Referring to Figure 20, the mounting apparatus according to the second embodiment further comprises a first hook device (124) made of resilient wire and having two opposed arms (132) which are joined by a bowed connecting portion (134). At the end of each arm (132) a hook (136) is provided. The hooks (136) are sufficiently small that they can both enter the elastic cord (2) when in its rest condition, and these hooks (136) are blunted to avoid tearing the surgeon's gloves and clothing or damaging the elastic cord (2).

When the first hook device (124) is in its rest position the arms (132) are spaced apart as illustrated in Figure 20. In operation of the mounting apparatus of the second embodiment, the arms (132) are initially pressed towards one another to enable the hooks (136) to be hooked through the elastic cord (2) and then released to enable the resilience of the connecting portion (134) to move the hooks (136) apart to expand the elastic cord (2) sufficiently to be mounted on the forward tip (116) of the adaptor (114) which has been, or will be, secured to the inner front cylinder (1). The first hook device (124) is then moved rearwardly with respect to the adaptor (114). The rearward movement of the first hook device (124) relative to the adaptor (114) causes the arms (132) to be progressively expanded outwardly

back towards their rest position whereby the hooks (136) and hence the elastic cord (2) are concomitantly expanded outwardly. As a result, the cord (2) is drawn over the adaptor (114) onto the forward part of the inner front cylinder (1) by the first hook device (124). The hooks (136) are then removed from the stretched cord (2) and the adaptor (114) removed from the inner front cylinder (1) leaving the instrument ready-for-use.

Referring to Figures 21 to 23, in place of the first hook device (124) there may be used a second hook device (224) made through injection moulding of a plastics material such as for example polypropylene. The second hook device (224) has two arms (232) joined by a connecting portion (234) with a hook (236) being formed at the end of each arm (232).

A first crease or hinge line (238) extends longitudinally along the centre of the connecting portion (234) and a second crease or hinge line (239) extends laterally across the rear of the two arms (232).

Folding the second hook device (224) along its first crease (238) brings together the two arms (232) and hooks (236) to enable the hooks (236) to be hooked into the elastic cord (2) when in its rest condition. The first crease (238) is then opened out to cause the arms (232) and the hooks (236) to move apart and thereby stretch the elastic cord (2). The second hook device (224) is then folded or hinged along its second crease (239) to enable the adaptor (114) to pass over a recessed part (240) of the connecting portion (234) as the second hook device (224) is moved rearwardly with respect to the adaptor (114) to pull the elastic cord (2) over the adaptor (114) and onto the inner front cylinder (1). As the second hook device (224) is moved rearwardly with respect to the adaptor (114) the arms (232) move outwardly to expand the elastic cord (2) progressively as it is pulled over the adaptor (114) and onto the inner front cylinder (1). After the elastic cord (2) is placed on the inner front cylinder (1) the hooks (236) are released from the elastic cord (2) leaving the

instrument ready-for-use.

Guide tracks may be provided to extend longitudinally along the adaptor (114) to guide the hooks (136; 236) of the first and second hook devices (124; 224) when
5 mounting the elastic cord (2) on the inner front cylinder (1). Such tracks may be diametrically opposed on the adaptor (114).

The mounting apparatus described hereinabove with reference to the accompanying Figures of drawings reduces the problems encountered when an
10 operator of the surgical instrument has to manipulate the elastic cord with a gloved hand.

It will be understood that the present invention has been described in relation to exemplary embodiments and can be modified in many different ways within the
15 scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims. Finally, it should be noted that the reference numerals in the appended claims are solely for guidance and not to be construed as having a limiting effect on the claims.

CLAIMS

1. A mounting apparatus for mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in the contracted condition, said apparatus comprising a tapered adaptor (14; 114) for the cord to be propelled over onto the end of the structure having a forward smaller end (16; 116) for location in the cord in its contracted condition and a rear larger end (18; 118) for juxtaposing with the end of the structure, said apparatus further comprising an expander device (24; 124; 224) movable relative to the adaptor to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof, wherein the adaptor (14) comprises a plurality of circumferentially spaced-apart fingers (22) which extend from the rear larger end (18) towards the forward smaller end (16) and the expander device (24) comprises a plurality of circumferentially spaced-apart arms (26) insertable between the fingers of the adaptor, characterised in that the arms (26) of the expander device are tapering, i.e. have a decreasing extension, in a radial direction towards the centre.
2. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the expander device (24) is operable in a first mode thereof to propel the cord (2) over the adaptor (14) on to the rear larger end (18) thereof and in a second mode thereof to propel the cord from the rear larger end onto the end (1) of the structure.
3. A mounting apparatus for mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in the contracted condition, said apparatus comprising a tapered adaptor (14; 114) for the cord to be propelled over onto the end of the structure having a forward smaller end (16; 116) for location in the cord in its contracted condition and a rear larger end (18; 118) for juxtaposing with the end of the structure, said apparatus further comprising an expander device (24; 124; 224) movable relative to the adaptor to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof, wherein the adaptor (14) comprises a plurality of circumferentially spaced-apart fingers (22) which extend from the rear larger end (18) towards the forward smaller end (16) and the expander device (24) comprises a plurality of circumferentially spaced-apart arms (26) insertable between the fingers of the adaptor, characterised in that the expander device (24) is operable in a first mode

thereof to propel the cord (2) over the adaptor (14) on to the rear larger end (18) thereof and in a second mode thereof to propel the cord from the rear larger end onto the end (1) of the structure.

4. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 3, wherein the arms (26) of the expander device are tapering, i.e. have a decreasing extension, in a radial direction towards the centre.

5. A mounting apparatus as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the adaptor (14) and the expander device (24) are adapted to mesh with one another to propel the cord (2) over the adaptor to the rear larger end (18) thereof.

6. A mounting apparatus as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein circumferentially spaced-apart fingers (22) of the adaptor are tapering, i.e. have a decreasing extension, in a radial direction towards the centre.

7. A mounting apparatus as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, wherein the forward smaller end of the adaptor (14) is presented by a central member (16).

8. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 7, wherein the central member (16) and the fingers (22) of the adaptor (14) are connected to one another.

9. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 2 or 3 or any one of claims 4 to 8 when appendant on claim 2 or 3, wherein the expander device (24) includes a tubular section (28) adapted to slide over the adaptor (14) to propel the cord (2) from the rear larger end (18) thereof onto the end (1) of the structure.

10. A mounting apparatus for mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in the contracted condition, said apparatus comprising a tapered adaptor (14; 114) for the cord to be propelled over onto the end of the structure having a forward smaller end (16; 116) for location in the cord in its contracted condition and a rear larger end (18; 118) for juxtaposing with the end of the structure, said apparatus further comprising an expander device (24; 124; 224) movable relative to the adaptor to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof,, characterised in that the expander device is in the form of a hook device (124; 224) which comprises two opposed hooks (136; 236) dimensioned to engage the cord (2) when in its contracted condition, the hook device

being adapted for the hooks to engage with the cord when in its contracted condition and to be displaced away from one another when the hook device is moved relative to the adaptor (114) to propel the cord over the adaptor to the rear larger end (118) thereof.

11. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the hooks (136; 236) are located at the end of opposed arms (132; 232) made of a resilient material.

12. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 10 or 11, wherein the hook device (224) includes a crease (238) for enabling the hooks (236) to be brought close together for engagement with the cord (2) when in its contracted condition.

13. A mounting apparatus as claimed in claim 10, 11 or 12, wherein the adaptor (114) is provided with guide tracks for guiding the hooks (136; 236) when the hook device (124; 224) is moved relative to the adaptor to propel the cord (2) over the adaptor.

14. A mounting apparatus as claimed in any one of the preceding claims for mounting an elastic cord (2) onto an end of a surgical instrument for ligating internal body tissue.

15. A surgical kit comprising a mounting apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 14.

16. A surgical kit as claimed in claim 15 including a surgical instrument for ligating internal body tissue.

17. A method of mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord in its contracted condition comprising the steps of providing a tapered adapter (14; 114) having a forward smaller end (16; 116) and a rear larger end (18; 118), propelling the cord over the tapered adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof by displacement of an expander- device (24; 124; 224) relative to the adaptor and, when the rear larger end of the tapered adaptor is juxtaposed to the end of the structure, propelling the cord from the rear larger end of the adaptor onto the end of the structure.

18. A method as claimed in claim 17, characterised by displacing the expander device (124; 224) relative to the adaptor (114) to move the cord (2) over the adaptor onto the end (1) of the structure.

19. A method as claimed in claim 18, characterised by the provision of an expander device in the form of a hook device (124; 224) comprising two hooks (136; 236) dimensioned to engage with the cord (2) when in its contracted condition, engaging the hooks with the cord when the cord is in its contracted condition, displacing the hook device relative to the adaptor (114) so as to
5 propel the cord over the adaptor onto the end (1) of the structure and disengaging the hooks from the cord.

20. A mounting apparatus for mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in the contracted condition substantially as herein
10 described with reference to and illustrated by Figures 1 to 18 or Figures 1 to 4 and 19 to 23 of the accompanying drawings.

21. A method of mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord in its contracted condition substantially as herein described with reference to
15 and illustrated by Figures 1 to 18 or Figures 1 to 4 and 19 to 23 of the accompanying drawings.

ABSTRACTA Mounting Apparatus

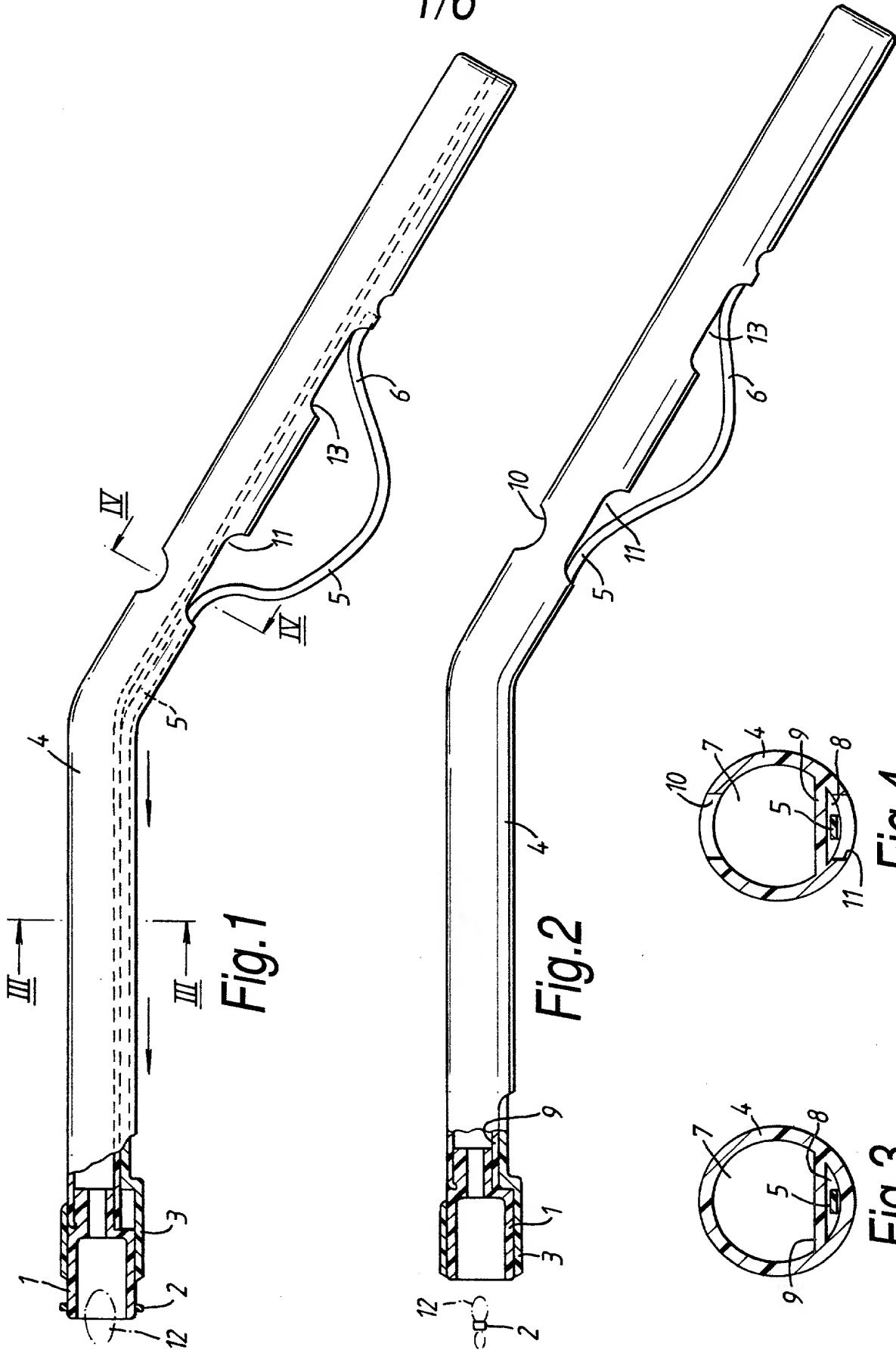
5 Mounting apparatus for mounting an endless cord (2) which is expandable from a contracted condition to an expanded condition onto an end (1) of a structure having a transverse dimension greater than that of the cord when in the contracted condition comprising a tapered adaptor (14; 114) for the cord to be propelled over onto the end of the structure having a forward smaller end (16; 116) for location in the cord in its contracted condition and a rear larger end (18; 118) for juxtaposing with the end of the structure and an expander device (24; 124; 224) movable relative to the adaptor to propel the cord over the adaptor onto the rear larger end thereof.

15 (Figure 13)

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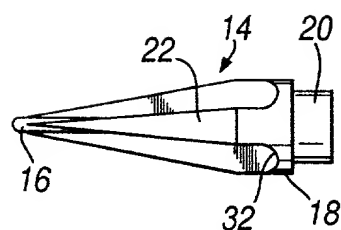


Fig. 5

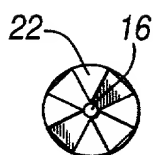


Fig. 6



Fig. 7

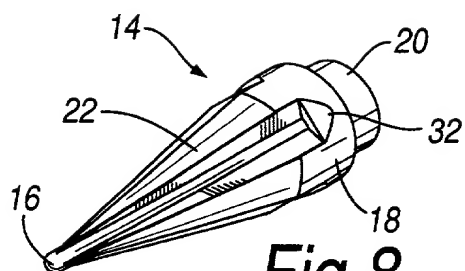
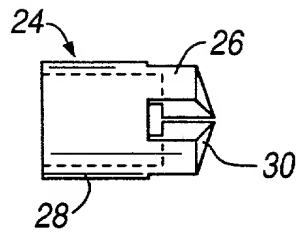
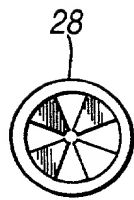
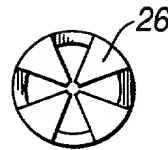
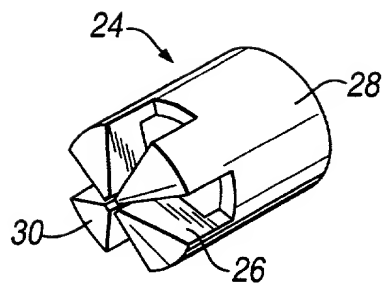


Fig. 8

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*Fig. 9**Fig. 11**Fig. 10**Fig. 12*

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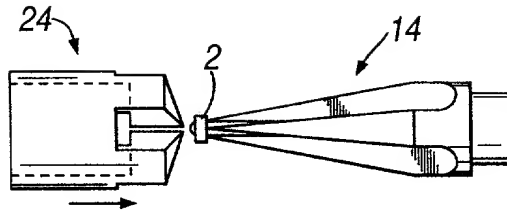


Fig.13

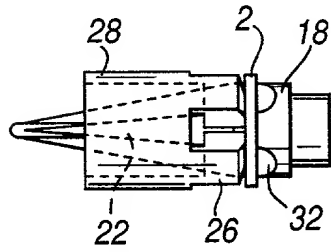


Fig. 14

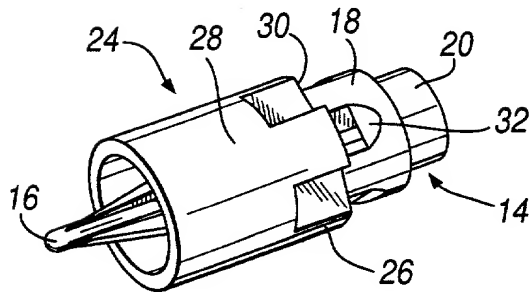
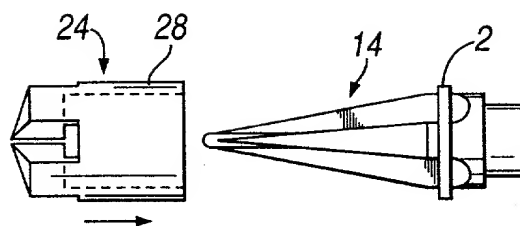
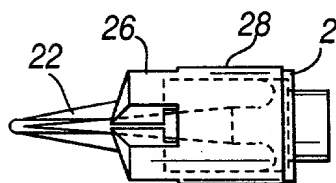
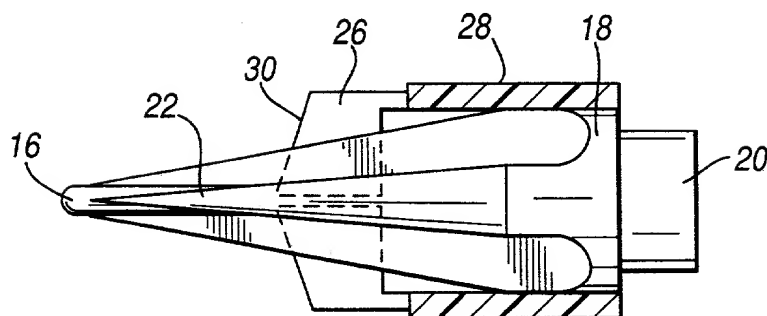


Fig. 15

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*Fig. 16**Fig. 17**Fig. 18*

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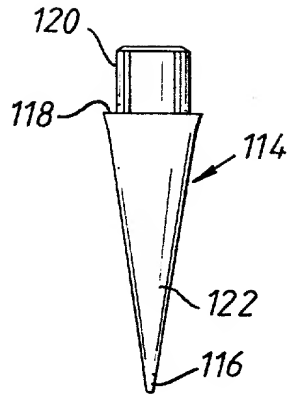


Fig. 19

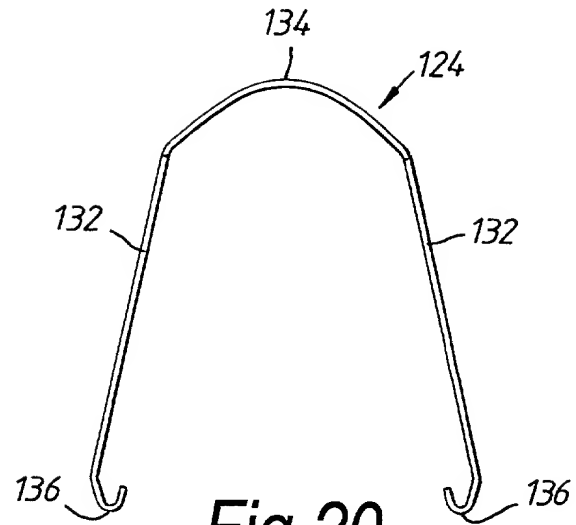


Fig. 20

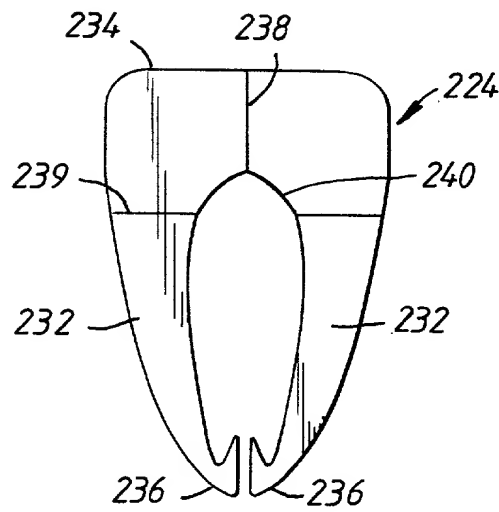


Fig. 21

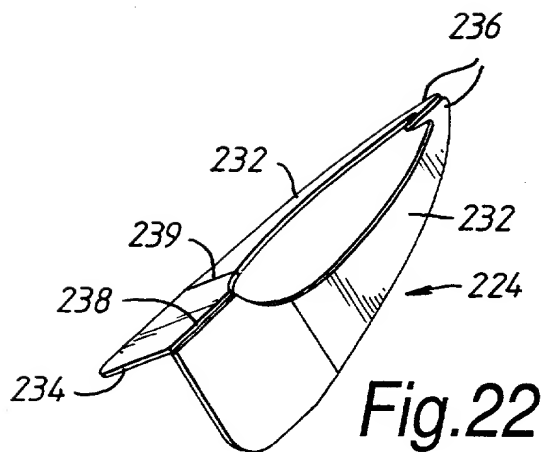


Fig. 22

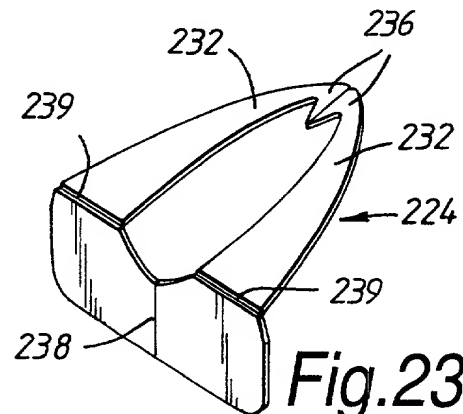


Fig. 23

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☒ was filed on 12 July 1999 as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/SE99/01259 and was amended on (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Priority Not Claimed

9802553-9
(Number)

Sweden
(Country)

15 July 1998
(Day/Month/Year Filed)

7

9901998-6
(Number)

Sweden
(Country

31 May 1999
(Day(Month/Year Filed))

7

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application Number)

(Filing Date)

(Application Number

(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(Application Number)

(Filing Date)

(Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Number)

(Filing Date)

(Status -- patented, pending, abandoned)

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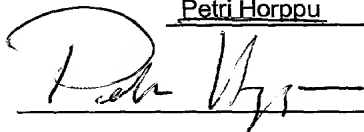
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believe to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Citizenship

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Fifth inventor's signature

Date

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Additional inventors are being named on separately numbered sheets attached hereto.